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The debate about economical crisis in partner countries and Europe.

1. <https://quizizz.com/> The terms of economy:
<https://quizizz.com/admin/quiz/5ad1e10300e91d001930d1d0>
2. Students will have printed leaflets about economy (from the book for ETWINET), the information from the Internet and/or suggested below:

The Debate:

1. Find some information about the employment and unemployment in your countries
(<https://tradingeconomics.com>).
- What do these diagrams tell about the employment rate and the unemployment rate in your country?
2. Make a conclusion about the economy in your country.
3. Present your conclusion.



Employment Rate in Romania decreased to 63.40 percent in the fourth quarter of 2017 from 65.30 percent in the third quarter of 2017. Employment Rate in Romania averaged 60.99 percent from 1996 until 2017, reaching an all time high of 69.10 percent in the third quarter of 1996 and a record low of 55.40 percent in the first quarter of 2003.

Romania's seasonally adjusted **unemployment rate** was unchanged at 4.6 percent in February 2018, remaining at the lowest level on record, as the number of unemployed fell by 5 thousand from the previous month to 419 thousand. The unemployment rate for men edged down 0.1 percentage points to 4.9 percent while that for women was unchanged at 4.1 percent. A year earlier, the jobless rate was at 5.3 percent. Unemployment Rate in Romania averaged 6.63 percent from 2004 until 2018, reaching an all time high of 8.90 percent in January of 2004 and a record low of 4.60 percent in December of 2017.



Italy's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate fell to 10.9 percent in February 2018 from 11.1 percent in the previous month and below market expectations of 11 percent. February's rate matched December's five-year low, as the number of unemployed fell by 49 thousand while employment rose by 19 thousand. Youth unemployment rate, however, rose to 32.8 percent in February from a revised 32.5 percent in January. Unemployment Rate in Italy averaged 9.44 percent from 1983 until 2018, reaching an all time high of 13 percent in November of 2014 and a record low of 5.80 percent in April of 2007.

The number of unemployed fell by 49 thousand from the previous month to 2.835 million in February, while employment grew by 19 thousand to 23.055 million and those detached from the labour force increased by 28 thousand to 13.399 million.

Youth unemployment rate, measuring job-seekers between 15 and 24 years old, rose to 32.8 percent from a revised 32.5 percent in January.

The country's overall employment rate, one of the lowest in the Euro Area, stood at 58 percent in February, unchanged from the previous month's revised figure. The labour force participation rate edged down to 65.3 percent from 65.4 percent.

In the three months to February, 32 thousand jobs were lost compared with the September-to-November period. Temporary employment increased by 55 thousand while permanent contracts declined by 33 thousand and the self-employed fell by 53 thousand.



Latvia's jobless rate decreased to 8.1 percent in the fourth quarter of 2017 from 8.5 percent in the previous period. It remains the lowest unemployment rate since the third quarter of 2008, as the number of unemployed declined by 4.4 thousand to 79.7 thousand while the number of employed dropped by 0.7 thousand to 902.2 thousand. Still, Latvian jobless rate was the highest among the Baltic States (5.3 percent in Estonia and 6.7 percent in Lithuania). Considering full 2017, the unemployment rate was 8.7 percent. Unemployment Rate in Latvia averaged 11.63 percent from 2002 until 2017, reaching an all time high of 21.30 percent in the first quarter of 2010 and a record low of 5.30 percent in the fourth quarter of 2007.



Employment Rate in Lithuania increased to 70.90 percent in the third quarter of 2017 from 70.60 percent in the second quarter of 2017. Employment Rate in Lithuania averaged 63.29 percent from 2002 until 2017, reaching an all time high of 70.90 percent in the third quarter of 2017 and a record low of 56.30 percent in the first quarter of 2010.

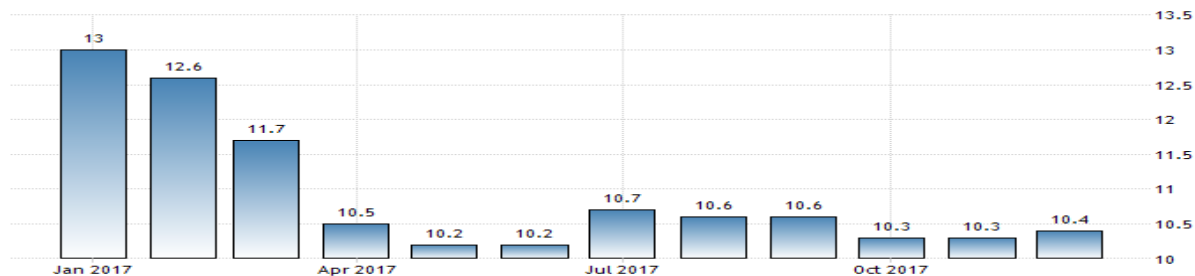
Unemployment Rate in Lithuania increased to 9.10 percent in February from 9 percent in January of 2018. Unemployment Rate in Lithuania averaged 8.47 percent from 1995 until 2018, reaching an all time high of 15.30 percent in July of 2010 and a record low of 2.70 percent in June of 2007.

TURKEY EMPLOYMENT RATE



SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | TURKISH STATISTICAL INSTITUTE

TURKEY UNEMPLOYMENT RATE



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Turkey

Employment rate in Turkey increased to 48 percent in December from 47.80 percent in November of 2017. Employment Rate in Turkey averaged 42.96 percent from 2005 until 2017, reaching an all time high of 48 percent in December of 2017 and a record low of 38.90 percent in April of 2009.

The Turkish **unemployment rate** fell to 10.4 percent in December 2017 from 12.7 percent in the same month of the previous year. The number of unemployed decreased by 581 thousand from the previous year to 3.291 million while the number of employed went up by 1.619 million to 28.288 million. Unemployment Rate in Turkey averaged 10.05 percent from 2005 until 2017, reaching an all time high of 14.80 percent in February of 2009 and a record low of 7.30 percent in June of 2012

Unemployment rate in member states of the European Union in January 2018 (seasonally adjusted).

February 2018 (%)

